## PHYSICS

1. In case of Fraunhoffer diffraction at a single slit the diffraction pattern on the screen is correct for which of the following statements?

(A) Central dark band having uniform brightness on either side.

(B) Central dark band having alternate dark and bright bands of decreasing intensity of either side.

(C) Central bright band having dark bands on either side.

(D) Central bright band having alternate dark and bright bands of decreasing intensity of either side.

When a Compact Disc (CD) is illuminated by small source of white light coloured band are observed. This is due to

(A) Interference

(B) Scattering

(C) Reflection

(D) Diffraction

Consider a glass slab which is silvered at one side and the other side is transparent. Give the refractive index of the glass slab to be 1.5. If a ray of light is incident at an angle of 45° on the transparent side, the deviation of the ray of light from its initial path, when comes out of the slab is

(A) 120°

(B) 90°

(C) 45°

(D) 180°

Focal length of a convex lens will be maximum for

(A) Green light

(B) Blue light

(C) Red light

(D) Yellow light

For light diverging from a finite point source

(A) the wave front is parabolic.

(B) the wave front is cylindrical

(C) the intensity at the wave front does not depend on the distance.

(D) the intensity decreases in proportion to the distance squared.

The fringe width for red colour as compared to that for violet colour is approximately

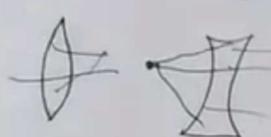
(A) 4 times

(B) 3 times

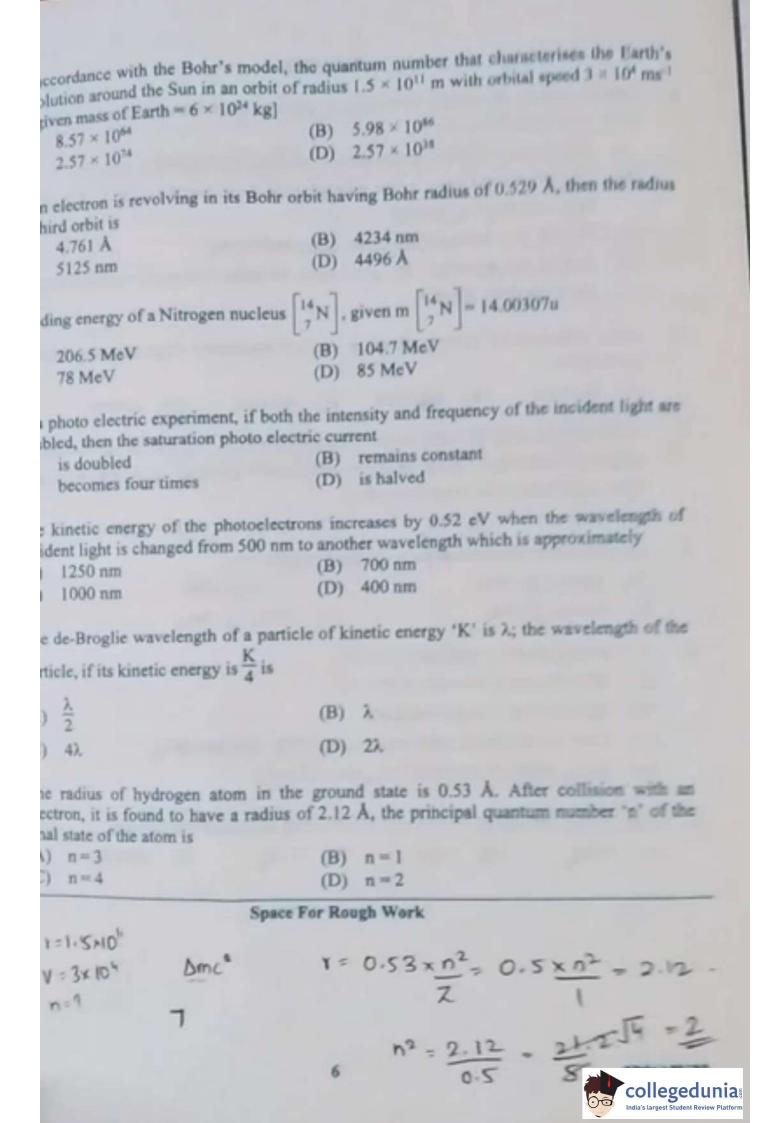
(C) 8 times

(D) Double

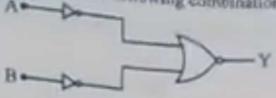
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14: Which logic gate is represented by the following combination of logic gates?



- (A) AND
- (C) NOR

- (B) OR
- (D) NAND

15. A metallic rod of mass per unit length 0.5 kg m<sup>-1</sup> is lying horizontally on a smooth inclined plane which makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal. A magnetic field of strength 0.25 T is acting on it in the vertical direction. When a current 'l' is flowing the rod stationary is

- (A) 14.76 A
- (C) 11.32 A

- (B) 7.14 A
- (D) 5.98 A

 A nuclear reactor delivers a power of 10° W, the amount of fuel consumed by the reactor in one hour is

(A) 0.72 g

(B) 0.04 g

(C) 0.96 g

(D) 0.08 g

17. Which of the following radiations is deflected by electric field?

(A) γ-rays

(B) X-rays

(C) α-particles

(D) Neutrons

18. The resistivity of a semiconductor at room temperature is in between

(A) 10° to 108 Ω cm

(B) 10-2 to 10-3 Ω cm

(C) 1010 to 1012 Ω cm

(D) 10-3 to 106 Ω cm

9. The forbidden energy gap for 'Ge' crystal at '0'K is

(A) 2.57 eV

(B) 0.071 eV

(C) 6.57 eV

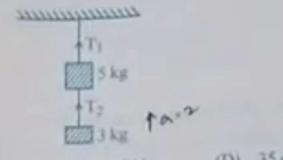
(D) 0.71 eV

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P= 109 W t= 36005



20. Two masses of 5 kg and 3 kg are suspended with the help of massless inextensible strings as shown in fig. when the suspended with the help of massless inextensible strings as shown in fig. when the suspended with the help of massless inextensible strings. as shown in fig. when whole system is going upwards with acceleration 2 m/s2, the value of T, is tuse g = 9.8 m. whole system is going upwards with acceleration 2 m/s2. of T<sub>1</sub> is tuse g = 9.8 m/s<sup>2</sup>).



- (A) 23.6 N
- (B) 94.4 N
- (C) 59 N
- (D) 35.4 N

21. The Vernier scale of a travelling microscope has 50 divisions which coincides with 49 main scale division at the least count of the main scale divisions. If each main scale division is 0.5 mm, then the least count of the microscope is

- (A) 0.01 mm (B) 0.01 cm (C) 0.5 cm (D) 0.5 mm

The displacement 'x' (in metre) of a particle of mass 'm' (in kg) moving in one dimension under the action of a force, is related to time 't' (in sec.) by,  $t = \sqrt{x} + 3$ . The displacement of the particle when its velocity is zero, will be

- (A) 6 m
- (B) 4 m (C) 2 m
- (D) 0 m

23. Two objects are projected at an angle θ° and (90 - θ)°, to the horizontal with the same speed. The ratio of their maximum vertical heights is

(A) 1 tan θ

(B) 1:1

(C) tan 0:1

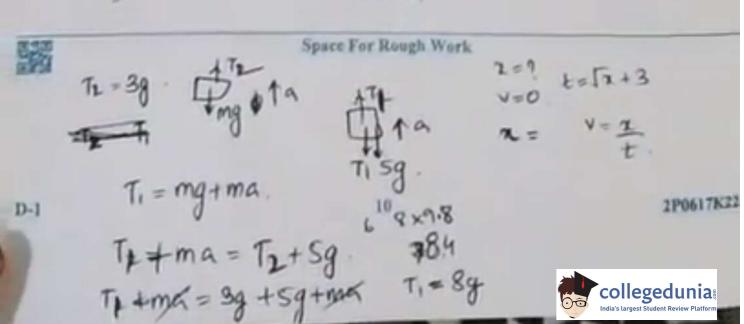
(D) tan 0 : 1

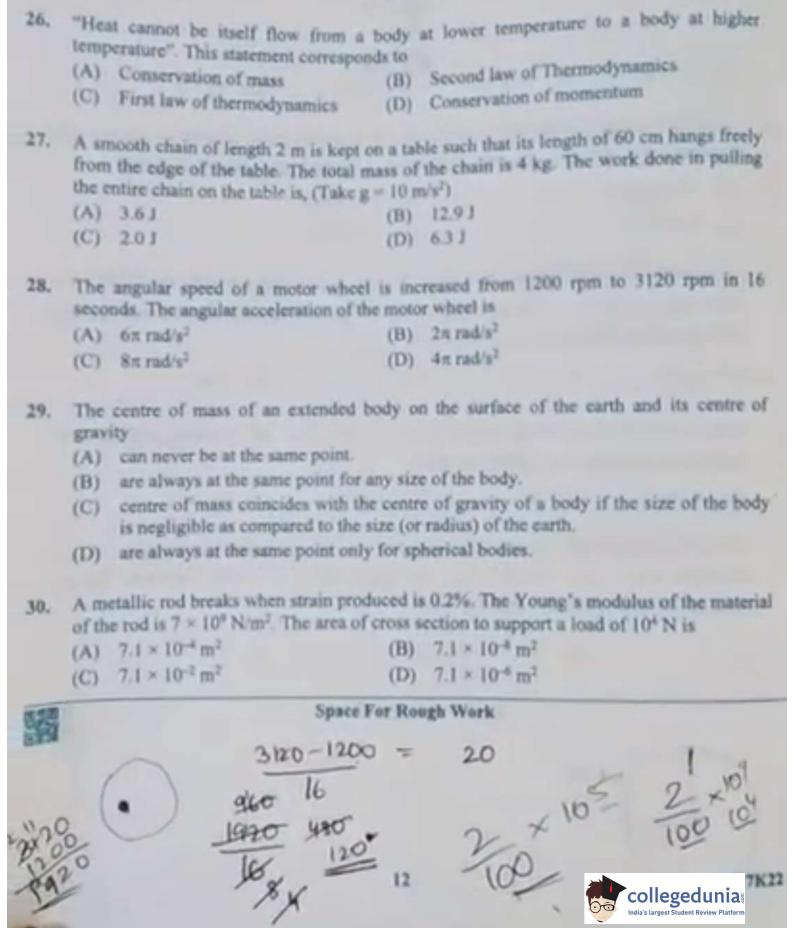
24. A car is moving in a circular horizontal track of radius 10 m with a constant speed of 10 ms. A bob is suspended from the roof of the car by a light wire of length 1.0 m. The angle made by the wire with the vertical is (in radian)

(A) 0

(C) =

(D) 5





25. A tiny spherical oil drop carrying a net charge q is balanced in still air, with a vertical

1.8 × 10<sup>-5</sup> Ns/m<sup>2</sup> and the density of oil is 900 kg m<sup>-3</sup>. The magnitude of 'q' is

(A) 1.6×10-19 C

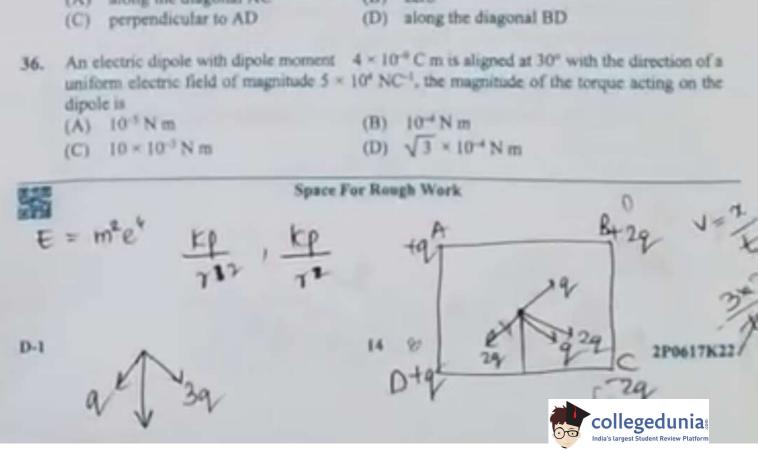
(C) 3.2 × 10-19 C

uniform electric field of strength  $\frac{81}{2}$   $\pi \times 10^3$  V/m. When the field is switched off, the drop

is observed to fall with terminal velocity 2 × 10<sup>-3</sup> ms<sup>-1</sup>. Here g = 9.8 m/s<sup>2</sup>. Viscosity of air is

(B) 0.8 × 10<sup>-10</sup> C

(D) 8 × 10-19 C



second is
(A) Eqm

(B) 2E<sup>2</sup>t<sup>2</sup>

field E. Neglecting the effect of gravity, the kinetic energy of the charged particle after '1'

31. A charged particle of mass 'm' and charge 'q' is released from rest in an uniform electric

(C)  $\frac{E^2q^2t^2}{2m}$ 

- (D)  $\frac{Eq^2m}{2t^2}$
- 32. The electric field and the potential of an electric dipole vary with distance r as
  - (A)  $\frac{1}{r^2}$  and  $\frac{1}{r^3}$

(B)  $\frac{1}{r}$  and  $\frac{1}{r^2}$ 

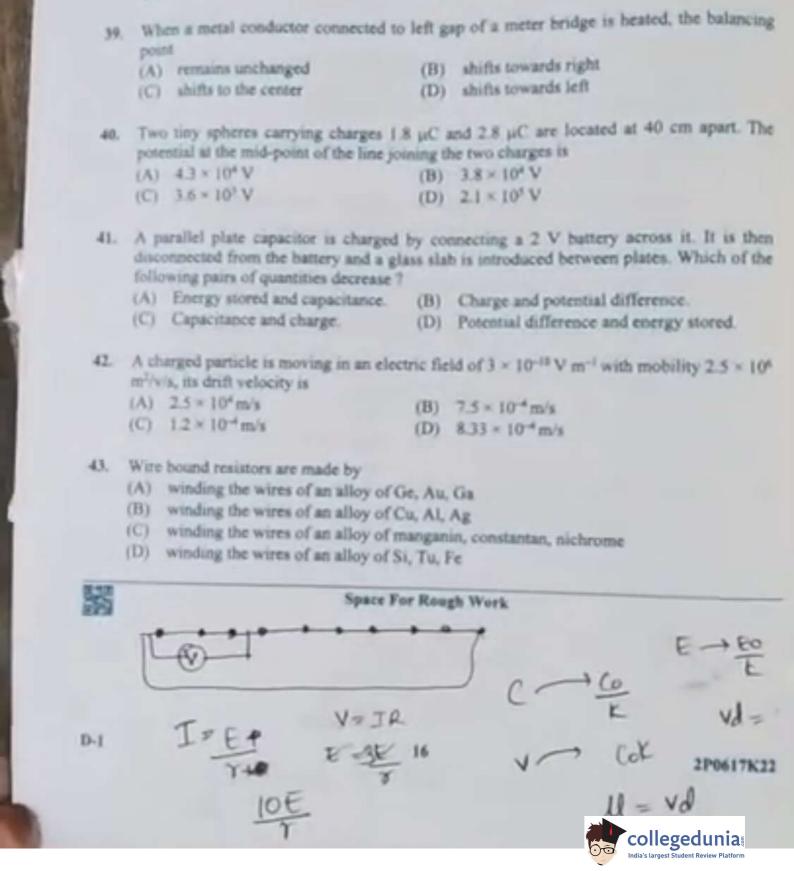
(C)  $\frac{1}{r^3}$  and  $\frac{1}{r^3}$ 

- (D)  $\frac{1}{r^2}$  and  $\frac{1}{r}$
- 33. The displacement of a particle executing SHM is given by  $X = 3 \sin \left[ 2\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4} \right]$  where 'x' is in metres and 't' is in seconds. The amplitude and maximum speed of the particle is
  - (A) 3 m, 6π ms-1

(B) 3 m, 2π ms<sup>-1</sup>

(C) 3 m, 8π ms-1

- (D) 3 m, 4π ms-1
- 34. Electrical as well as gravitational affects can be thought to be caused by fields. Which of the following is true for an electrical or gravitational field?
  - (A) Fields are useful for understanding forces acting through a distance.
  - (B) The field concept is often used to describe contact forces.
  - (C) There is no way to verify the existence of a force field since it is just a concept.
  - (D) Gravitational or Electric field does not exist in the space around an object.
- 35. Four charges +q, +2q, +q and -2q are placed at the corners of a square ABCD respectively. The force on a unit positive charge kept at the centre 'O' is
  - (A) along the diagonal AC
- (B) zero



37. Ten identical cells each of potential 'E' and internal resistance 'r', are connected in series to

(B) 10 E

(B) 12 A

(D) 1.5 A

(D) 3 E

38. In an atom electrons revolve around the nucleus along a path of radius 0.72 Å making  $9.4 \times 10^{14}$  revolutions per second. The equivalent current is - [given e =  $1.6 \times 10^{-19}$  C]

An ideal volumeter connected across three cells, will read

form a closed circuit.

(A) 13 E

(C) 7E

(A) 1.4 A

(C) 1.8 A

- 44. A galvanometer of resistance 50 Ω is connected to a battery of 3 V along with a resistance 2950 Ω in series. A full scale deflection of 30 divisions is obtained in the galvanometer. In order to reduce this deflection to 20 divisions, the resistance in series should be
  - (A) 5050 Ω

(B) 6050 Ω

(C) 4450 Ω

- (D) 5550 Ω
- 45. A circular coil of wire of radius 'r' has 'n' turns and carries a current 'I'. The magnetic induction 'B' at a point on the axis of the coil at a distance √3 r from its centre is
  - (A) μ<sub>0</sub>nl 16 ε

(B)  $\frac{\mu_0 n!}{32 r}$ 

(C)  $\frac{\mu_0 nI}{4 r}$ 

- (D) \(\frac{\mu\_0 nl}{8 \, r}\)
- 46. If voltage across a bulb rated 220 V, 100 W drops by 2.5% of its rated value, the percentage of the rated value by which the power would decrease is
  - (A) 5%

(B) 20%

(C) 10%

- (D) 2.5%
- A wire of a certain material is stretched slowly by 10%. Its new resistance and specific resistance becomes respectively
  - (A) 121 times, same

- (B) 1.1 times, 1.1 times
- (C) both remains the same
- (D) 1.2 times, 1.1 times
- 48. A proton moves with a velocity of  $5 \times 10^6$   $\hat{j}$  ms<sup>-1</sup> through the uniform electric field,  $\vec{E} = 4 \times 10^6$  [2 $\hat{i} + 0.2\hat{j} + 0.1\hat{k}$ ] Vm<sup>-1</sup> and the uniform magnetic field  $\vec{B} = 0.2$  ( $\hat{i} + 0.2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ ) T. The approximate net force acting on the proton is
  - (A) 2.2 × 10-11 N

(B) 5 × 10-13 N

(C) 20 × 10<sup>-13</sup> N

- (D) 25 × 10 13 N
- A solenoid of length 50 cm having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at one end of the solenoid is
  - (A) 1.57 × 10-1 T

(B) 3.14 × 10<sup>-4</sup> T

(C) 9.42 × 10<sup>-4</sup> T

(D) 6.28 × 10 4 T



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50. An alternating current is given by

An alternating cost of. The r.m.s. current is given by 
$$i = i_1 \sin \omega t + i_2 \cos \omega t$$
. The r.m.s. current is given by

(A) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{i_1^2+i_2^2}{2}}$$

(B) 
$$\frac{1_1+1_2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

(C) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{i_1^2+i_2^2}{\sqrt{2}}}$$

(D) 
$$\frac{i_1-i_2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

51. Which of the following statements proves that Earth has a magnetic field?

- (A) Earth is surrounded by ionosphere.
- (B) The intensity of cosmic rays stream of charged particles is more at the poles than at the equator.
- (C) A large quantity of iron-ore is found in the Earth.
- (D) Earth is a planet rotating about the North South axis.

52. A long solenoid has 500 turns, when a current of 2 A is passed through it, the resulting magnetic flux linked with each turn of the solenoid is 4 × 10<sup>-3</sup> Wb, then self induction of the solenoid is

(A) 2.0 henry

(B) 4.0 henry

(C) 1.0 henry

(D) 2.5 henry

53. A fully charged capacitor 'C' with initial charge 'q<sub>0</sub>' is connected to a coil of self inductance 'L' at t = 0. The time at which the energy is stored equally between the electric and the magnetic field is

(A) π√LC

(B) 2π√LC

(C)  $\frac{\pi}{4}\sqrt{LC}$ 

(D) √LC

54. A magnetic field of flux density 1.0 Wb m<sup>-2</sup> acts normal to a 80 turn coil of 0.01 m<sup>2</sup> area. If this coil is removed from the field in 0.2 second, the emf induced in it is

(A) 0.8 V

(B) 4 V

(C) 5 V

(D) 8 V



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30+0(0)×) 4

25	incidence is asset through an ex		in such a manner that the angle or
	incidence is count to d	quilateral glass prism	Cobone angles is equal to 2004
	incidence is equal to the angle of emergence and each of these angles is equal to 4 of the		
	angle of the prism. The angle of deviation is		
	(C) 30°	(B) 45°	
		(D) 39°	
56	A convex lens of focal length 'f' is The distance between the object magnification produced by the lens	placed somewhere is and the screen is 'a is 'm', then the focal	n between an object and a seroes.  If the numerical value of the length of the lens is
	(A) (m + 1) <sup>2</sup> x	(B) $\frac{mx}{(m+1)^2}$	
	(C) (m-1) <sup>2</sup> x	(D) $\frac{mx}{(m-1)^2}$	
-		(m-1)	
57,	TOTAL PROPERTY OF CIPCUIT CONTINUES	a capacitance 10°	F and an inductor of 10-4 H. The
	A series resonant ac circuit contains a capacitance 10° F and an inductor of 10° H. The frequency of electrical oscillations will be		
	(A) 10° Hz		
		(B) 10 <sup>5</sup> Hz	
	(C) 10/2 Hz	(D) 10 Hz	
		(0) 10112	
58.	In a series LCR circuit R = 300 Ω, L = 0.9 H, C = 2.0 μF and w = 1000 rad/sec. then		
	A CONTRACTOR OF PRINCIPLE 13		A TOO THE SEC MEN
	(A) 500 Ω	(B) 1300 Ω	
	(C) 400 Ω	(D) 900 Ω	
59.	Which of the fall		
271	Which of the following radiations of a	electromagnetic wave	es has the highest wavelength?
	(C) Microwaves	(D) X-rays	
		(D) UV-rays	
60.	The power of a equi-concave lens is -4.5 D and is made of a material of R.I. 1.6, the radii		
	(A) -2.66 cm		The same same
	(C) 115.44 cm	(B) -26.6 cm	
		(D) +36.6 cm	
零	Space I	For Rough Work	
-	Z = J(900-900)2+3002	1	XL=WL
		64	
	J(800)2+3002	77	=100×009
	7(800) +300	73	=900
-1			100
7	= ]	22	Xc= 1 = 1

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