

Computer Knowledge

1. Which of the following measure(s) is/are used to determine the quality of a printer ____.

a) Dots printed in a minute b) Dots per Inch

c) Dot-Per-Square-Inch d) All of the Above

2. ____ is the mode we use to execute the instruction from a computer.

a) Sequential b) Parallel c) Both (a) & (b) d) None of the above

3. Modern computers are reliable but they don't have ____.

a) Fast b) Powerful c) Cheap d) Self thinking

4. What is meant by devoted computer ____.

a) Which uses only one kind of software b) Which is used by only one person

c) Which is assigned with only one task d) No such type of computers are available

5. The system unit of a personal computer typically contains all of the following except?

a) Microprocessor b) Disk Controller

c) Serial interface d) Modem

6. A computer program that converts an entire program into a machine language is

called ____.

a) Interpreter b) Simulator c) Compiler d) None of the above

7. A computer program that converts one by one instruction into a machine language is

called ____.

a) Interpreter b) Simulator c) Compiler d) None of the above

8. ____ is an internet based computing solution where shared resources are provided.

a) Cloud Computing b) Networking c) LAN d) None of the above

9. ____ is the language that computer can understand and execute.

a) Middle Level Language b) Machine Level Language

c) High Level Language d) All of the above

1. Which of the following measure(s) is/are used to determine the quality of a printer ____.

a) Dots printed in a minute b) Dots per Inch

c) Dot-Per-Square-Inch d) All of the Above

10. ____ is a set of instructions, also called a program that tells a computer how to perform tasks.

a) Hardware b) Software c) Both (a) and (b) d) None of the above

11. Router is ____ device.

a) Input b) Output c) Both (a) and (b) d) None of the above

12. Scanner is ____ device.

a) Input b) Output c) Both (a) and (b) d) None of the above

13. The building block for all information that flows through a computer ____.

a) Bit b) Byte c) Both (a) and (b) d) None of the above

14. ____ is the software that controls all the other software programs and allows to perform basic tasks.

a) Software b) Hardware c) Windows d) Operating System

15. The following ____ is termed as permanent memory.

a) Random Access Memory b) Read Only Memory

c) Flash Memory d) Cache Memory

16. Memory that temporarily stores data and that can be erased or changed is known as

a) Cache Memory b) Read Only Memory

c) Flash Memory d) Random Access Memory

17. Information that is entered into a computer is called as ____.

a) Input b) Output c) Both (a) and (b) d) None of the above

18. Information that a computer produces and delivers back to the user is known as ____.

a) Input b) Output c) Both (a) and (b) d) None of the above

19. MP3 player is ____.

a) Input device b) Output device c) Both (a) and (b) d) None of the above

20. The smallest unit of computerized data is referred as ____.

a) Bit b) Byte c) Both (a) and (b) d) None of the above

21. After copying the content, how many times can you paste ____.

a) Only one time b) Two times

c) Three times d) Many times

22. What is the keyboard shortcut key to merge a document ____.

a) Alt+Shift+N b) Alt+Shift+O c) Alt+Shift+P d) Alt+Shift+Q

23. In a table to move to the first cell in a row, ____ is the keyboard shortcut key.

a) Alt+Tab b) Alt+Shift c) Alt+Ctrl d) Alt+Home

24. To find text, formatting and special items ____ is the keyboard short key.

a) Ctrl+g b) Ctrl+h c) Ctrl+f d) Ctrl+a

25. What is the shortcut key to display the 'save as' dialog box ____.

a) F8 b) F12 c) F11 d) F9

26. Among the following ____ is a logical function.

a) Average b) Count c) ABS d) AND

27. Of the following is correct syntax in excel ____?

a) REPLACE (old-text, num-chars, Start-num, New-text)

b) REPLACE (old-text, Start-num, num-chars, New-text)

c) REPLACE (old-text, New-text, num-chars, Start-num)

d) REPLACE (num-chars, Start-num, old-text, New-text)

28. Which of the following is correct ____.

a) Frequency (data-array, bins array) b) Frequency (data, bins)

c) Frequency (data, bins array) d) Frequency (array, bins array)

29. Without the symbol '=' excel will treat the data as ____.

a) Number b) Formula c) Text d) None of the above

30. False () function ____.

a) Returns the logical value of false b) Returns the logical value of true

c) Returns the actual value d) None of the above

31. A group of computers connected together through a central sever using cables and

other communication devices is known as ____.

a) Network b) LAN c) WAN d) None of the above

32. All types of banking transactions performed electronically without manual operation

is known as _____.

a) E-Banking b) Computerization

c) Modernization d) None of the above

33. Banks use computers for _____.

a) Track customer information b) Process the loan application

c) Track the credit card information d) All of the above

34. Measuring unit of capacity of hard drive is_____.

a) GB b) GHz c) MHz d) None of the above

35. Web address is a unique address to identify _____ on web.

a) Browser b) Website c) Link d) All of the above

36. In a network, the computer that stores the files and processes the data is named as?

a) Terminal b) Modem c) Server d) None

37. In processing of cheques which of the following technology is helpful to the banks ?

a) OMR b) Barcode c) MICR d) OCR

38. The computer code for interchange of information between terminals is _____.

a) ASCII b) ACSII c) ASICI d) ASIIC

39. Of the following, _____ is different from the group.

a) Windows b) MS-Word c) MS-Excel d) MS-PowerPoint

40. Of the following, _____ is not a computer language.

a) MS-Word b) C++ c) COBOL d) BASIC

41. A collection of related records in a database _____.

a) Field b) File c) Both (a) and (b) d) None of the above

42. VIRUS stands for _____.

a) Virtual Information Resource Under Siege

b) Vital Information Recourse Under Sage

c) Virus Information Recourse Under Siege

d) Vital Information Recourse Under Siege

43. ____ is known as restricting the access to information.

a) Decryption b) Encryption c) Hacking d) None of the above

44. ____ is known as allowing the authorized access to information.

a) Decryption b) Encryption c) Hacking d) None of the above

45. ____ is known as unauthorized access to the system.

a) Decryption b) Encryption c) Hacking d) None of the above

46. ____ are the examples of pointing devices.

a) Electronic Mouse b) Pointing Stick

c) Track ball d) All of the above

47. The device that is used to read bar codes is ____.

a) OMR b) Barcode c) MICR d) OCR

48. Nano Second is the ____.

a) Millionths of a second

b) Billionths of a second

c) Trillionth of a second

d) Thousands of a second

49. Of the following, ____ would be considered as a way through which a computer virus

can enter into a computer system.

a) E-mail with attachments

b) Downloading the data from sites

c) Operating the system without antivirus software

d) All of the above

50. ____ is known as a computer network in which one centralized, powerful computer

is a hub to which many less powerful personal computers or workstations are

connected. The clients run programs and access data that stored on the server.

a) Client-Server network b) Extranet c) Internet d) None of the above.

ANSWERS:

1. c; 2. c; 3. d; 4. c; 5. d; 6. c; 7. a; 8. a;

9. b; 10. b; 11. c; 12. a; 13. b; 14. d; 15. b; 16. d;

17. a; 18. b; 19. c; 20. a; 21. d; 22. a; 23. d; 24. c;

25. b; 26. d; 27. b; 28. a; 29. c; 30. a; 31. a; 32. a;

33. d; 34. a; 35. b; 36. c; 37. c; 38. a; 39. a; 40. a;

41. b; 42. d; 43. b; 44. a; 45. c; 46. d; 47. b; 48. b; 49. d; 50. a.